Health Consultation

FORMER CHAMPAIGN MANUFACTURED GAS PLANT CHAMPAIGN, CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, ILLINOIS EPA FACILITY ID: ILN000510264

SEPTEMBER 11, 2008

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Public Health Service
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
Division of Health Assessment and Consultation
Atlanta, Georgia 30333

US EPA RECORDS CENTER REGION 5

Health Consultation: A Note of Explanation

An ATSDR health consultation is a verbal or written response from ATSDR to a specific request for information about health risks related to a specific site, a chemical release, or the presence of hazardous material. In order to prevent or mitigate exposures, a consultation may lead to specific actions, such as restricting use of or replacing water supplies; intensifying environmental sampling; restricting site access; or removing the contaminated material.

In addition, consultations may recommend additional public health actions, such as conducting health surveillance activities to evaluate exposure or trends in adverse health outcomes; conducting biological indicators of exposure studies to assess exposure; and providing health education for health care providers and community members. This concludes the health consultation process for this site, unless additional information is obtained by ATSDR which, in the Agency's opinion, indicates a need to revise or append the conclusions previously issued.

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HEALTH CONSULTATION

FORMER CHAMPAIGN MANUFACTURED GAS PLANT SITE CHAMPAIGN, CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, ILLINOIS EPA FACILITY ID: ILN000510264

Prepared By:

Illinois Department of Health Services
Office of Environmental and Occupational Toxicology
Under Cooperative Agreement with the
The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

Purpose

The Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) has prepared this health consultation under cooperative agreement with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). The purpose of the health consultation is to evaluate any known or potential adverse human health effects from exposure to off-site contaminants from the former Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant (MGP) in the surface soil of nearby residential areas.

Background and Statement of Issues

Site History

The former Champaign MGP site is in the city of Champaign, Champaign County, Illinois. It is located at 308 North Fifth Street, at the intersection of Hill and Fifth Streets. The site is situated on approximately 2.6 acres in a mixed residential and commercial neighborhood. The site is bounded on the north by the Norfolk and Western Railway, on the east by an abandoned section of North Sixth Street right-of-way (used by foot traffic), on the west by North Fifth Street, and on the south by an alley adjacent to a residential area (Figures 1 and 2).

The former Champaign and Urbana Gas Light Company operated the MGP at this site from about 1869 through the early 1930s. The site remained vacant and unused from the 1950s until the property was sold to American Legion Post 559 in 1979. The "Booster House" was maintained and used intermittently by the American Legion from 1979 until 1991. Illinois Power repurchased the property from the American Legion in 1991 and the site has since remained vacant [1].

As part of a voluntary cleanup program, Illinois Power and subsequently Ameren, conducted studies of the soil and groundwater conditions at the property and surrounding property in 1986, 1990, 1992, 1997, and 2004. The groundwater monitoring wells are sampled quarterly. Although there is groundwater contamination, no one is using this water because the surrounding area is being served by Illinois American Water Company public water supply wells that are more than a mile from the site. In addition, IDPH reviewed site data in 1990 and found no significant human exposure to contaminants from the site at that time.

Community Concerns

The Champaign-Urbana Citizens for Peace and Justice, the Champaign County Health Care Consumers and the University of Illinois Department of Urban and Regional Planning held an informational meeting for the community on December 7, 2007. The primary concern of these groups was the lack of communication between Ameren and the residents.

On January 14, 2008, Ameren and the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Illinois EPA) went door to door in the neighborhood to communicate with residents living near the site. Also, a public availability session for the community was held that afternoon and evening at the Salem

Baptist Church on Park Street East. A Site Information Repository has been established with a collection of documents at the Douglass Branch of the Champaign Public Library. Although some community groups have raised concerns regarding a potential connection between the MGP site and cases of neighborhood cancers, IDPH is not aware of any specific health concerns among residents.

On June 5, 2008, the City of Champaign, Ameren and the Illinois EPA held a public meeting at the Douglass Branch of the Champaign Public Library. A presentation was given by Nicholas Schneider of Rapps Engineering and Applied Science, Inc., a consultant hired by the City of Champaign, to explain the planned site cleanup activities.

Site Visit

IDPH staff visited the site on January 14, 2008 and again on June 5, 2008. A 6-foot high chain-link fence topped by rusty barbed wire surrounded the site. New "warning" signs are posted on the fence informing the public to call an 800 telephone number prior to digging. Access to the site is through a locked gate on its western side, off North Fifth Street. The site was vacant, except for one remaining building called the Booster House.

Residential properties exist south of the site along Church Street, west of the site along Hill Street, and north of the site along Washington Street (Figure 2). A hospital parking lot is east of the site.

Discussion

Chemicals of Interest

IDPH compared the results of each off-site surface soil sample with the appropriate screening comparison values to select chemicals for further evaluation for cancer and non-cancer adverse health effects. Chemicals at levels exceeding comparison values or those for which no comparison values exist were selected for further evaluation. The listing of a chemical of interest does not necessarily mean it will cause adverse health effects if exposure occurs. A description of each of the comparison values is found in Attachment 1. Table 1 lists the chemicals of interest and the maximum values detected in off-site residential soil samples. Samples were analyzed for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), metals and volatile organic chemicals.

PAHs are the chemicals of interest in the off-site surface soils. PAHs are a group of chemicals found in fossil fuels, products made from fossil fuels, and the combustion products of fossil fuels. The main health concern from exposure to PAHs is cancer. Benzo(a)pyrene (BaP) is one of the PAHs classified as a probable human carcinogen. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has developed a relative potency factor approach, where the cancer potency of the other carcinogenic PAHs can be estimated based on their relative potency to BaP. These "BaP equivalents" can then be used to estimate the potential for adverse health effects [2].

Residential and Garden Soil

IDPH reviewed the 0 to 12 inch depth soil sample results from 2004 and 2007 in residential yards and one soil sample from a garden vegetable plot to determine if the levels of contaminants in the soil could cause adverse health effects in exposed individuals. IDPH prefers to have surface soil samples collected from 0 to 3 inches, because people are typically only exposed to the top 3 inches of soil [3].

We estimated exposure to PAHs in residential surface soil based on two exposure scenarios. One was a child contacting and ingesting 150 milligrams (mg) of soil daily while playing in their yard or garden six days per week, 9 months per year for 16 years. The second was for an adult contacting and ingesting 100 mg of soil daily while working in their yard or garden six days a week, 9 months per year, for 40 years. Based on the mixed composition of the garden soil, the elevated levels of PAHs were likely due to the presence of coal and debris rather than the operations of the former MGP [4].

Based on the exposure scenarios used, IDPH found no apparent increased cancer risk for children or adults exposed to the surface soil in any of the residential samples. No other adverse health effects would be expected.

Site Fence Line and Public Alley Soil

During the Comprehensive Site Investigation in 2004, soil samples were collected from the site fence line and the public alley [1]. Samples were collected from 0 to 3 feet in depth. IDPH reviewed the 0 to 1 foot soil sample results to determine if levels of contaminants in the soil could cause adverse health effects in exposed individuals.

The locations of these samples were along the northwestern side of the site. IDPH does not expect children to be frequently playing along the fence line and abandoned public alley north of the railroad tracks because the area is so close to train traffic.

We estimated exposure to PAHs in surface soil from these locations based on two scenarios. One was for a child contacting and ingesting 150 mg of soil daily while playing along the fence line or public alley 1 day per week, 9 months per year for 16 years. The second was for an adult contacting and ingesting 100 mg of soil daily while walking around the fence line and public alley 1 day per week, 9 months per year, for 40 years. Since exposure to this area would be minimal, no apparent increased cancer risk or other adverse health effects would be expected from exposure to the surface soil in these areas around the site. Sources of elevated PAHs in these areas could be site related, from vehicular traffic, or other unknown sources.

Based on the exposure scenarios used, IDPH found no apparent increased cancer risk for children or adults exposed to the surface soil at the site fence line or public alley. No other adverse health effects would be expected.

Child Health Considerations

IDPH recognizes that children are especially sensitive to some contaminants. For that reason, IDPH considered children when evaluating exposures to contaminants in the surface soil of the neighborhood around the site. Children are the most sensitive population considered in this health consultation.

Conclusions

Based on the off-site soil sampling data, IDPH concludes that no apparent health hazard exists for exposure to surface soil in the residential yards, garden plot, site fence line and the public alley that were sampled around the former MGP.

Recommendations and Public Health Action Plan

- Ameren will conduct further soil and water sampling to determine the extent of PAH contamination.
- Ameren will conduct, if necessary, soil gas sampling around off-site buildings.
- ► IDPH will review the results of additional sampling.
- ▶ IDPH has answered questions about cancer risks and chemical exposure at public availability sessions and will continue to work with the Illinois EPA to respond to any health concerns of the community near the former MGP.

Preparer of Report

Cary Ware Environmental Health Specialist Illinois Department of Public Health

References

- 1. Comprehensive Site Investigation Report for Ameren IP. Champaign former MGP, Champaign, Illinois. Philip Environmental Service Corporation, Columbia, Illinois. June 2007.
- 2. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. Toxicological Profile for Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons. September 1997.
- 3. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Health Assessment Guidance Manual, Lewis Publishers. 1992.
- 4. Cravens, S. Letter to Brian Martin, Ameren. Kelron Environmental. December 11, 2007.

Table 1. Levels of Contaminants of Interest in Off-site Soil Samples.

	BaP equivalents Maximum level (in ppm)	Location	Comparison Value (in ppm)
Surface Soil Sample (0-1')	8.5	Residential Yard	0.1
Surface Soil Sample (0-1')	3.8	Garden Plot	0.1
Surface Soil Sample (0-1')	9.7	Site Fence Line	0.1
Surface Soil Sample (0-1')	3.7	Abandoned Public Alley	0.1

ppm - parts per million

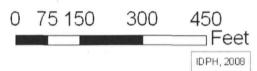
Figure 1. Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Area Site Location Map

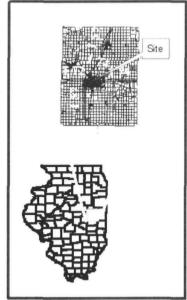




Legend

Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site Champaign_County





WASHINGTON CHURCH Legend 480 <u></u> Feet 320 80 160 NORTH Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site IDPH, 2008

Figure 2. Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site Map

Attachment 1

Comparison Values Used In Screening Contaminants for Further Evaluation

Environmental Media Evaluation Guides (EMEGs) are developed for chemicals based on their toxicity, frequency of occurrence at National Priority List (NPL) sites, and potential for human exposure. They are derived to protect the most sensitive populations and are not action levels, but rather comparison values. They do not consider carcinogenic effects, chemical interactions, multiple route exposure, or other media-specific routes of exposure, and are very conservative concentration values designed to protect sensitive members of the population.

Reference Dose Media Evaluation Guides (RMEGs) are another type of comparison value derived to protect the most sensitive populations. They do not consider carcinogenic effects, chemical interactions, multiple route exposure, or other media-specific routes of exposure, and are very conservative concentration values designed to protect sensitive members of the population.

Cancer Risk Evaluation Guides (CREGs) are estimated contaminant concentrations based on a probability of one excess cancer in a million persons exposed to a chemical over a lifetime. These are also very conservative values designed to protect sensitive members of the population.

Certification

This Former Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site health consultation was prepared by the Illinois Department of Public Health under a cooperative agreement with the federal Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). It was completed in accordance with approved methodologies and procedures existing at the time the health consultation was initiated. Editorial review was completed by the Cooperative Agreement partner.

Charisse J. Walcott

Technical Project Officer, CAT, CAPEB, DHAC

The Division of Health Assessment and Consultation (DHAC), ATSDR, has reviewed this health consultation and concurs with its findings.

Alan Yarbrough

Team Lead, CAT, CAPEB, DHAC, ATSDR



Rod R. Blagojevich, Governor Damon T. Arnold, M.D., M.P.H., Director

525-535 West Jefferson Street • Springfield, Illinois 62761-0001 • www.idph.state.il.us

DATE:

June 3, 2008

TO:

Mark Johnson ATSDR Region 5

Jason Crompton Illinois EPA

Tom Hornshaw

Illinois EPA Toxicity Assessment Unit

Stan Black

Illinois EPA Community Relations

Mike Joyce

USEPA, Community Relations

Lori Muller

USEPA, Project Manager

Director of Environmental Health Champaign County Health Department

FROM:

Jennifer Davis

Health Assessment Principal Investigator

IDPH-Environmental Toxicology

RE:

Former Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site

Champaign, Champaign County, Illinois

Please find enclosed a draft of the health consultation for the above-mentioned site. If you wish to make any written comments, please forward them to me by June 20, 2008. After all comments have been addressed and needed changes made, the final version of this document will be sent to the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry for release. You may e-mail comments to Jennifer.A.Davis@illinois.gov.

If you have any questions, please call me at 217-785-3239.

cc:

Cary Ware

IDPH Champaign Office

Health Consultation

Former Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site

State ID 0190100008

Champaign, Champaign County, Illinois

Comment period ends June 20, 2008.

Prepared by:

Illinois Department of Public Health Under cooperative agreement with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

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Preparer of Report

Cary Ware Environmental Health Specialist Illinois Department of Public Health

References

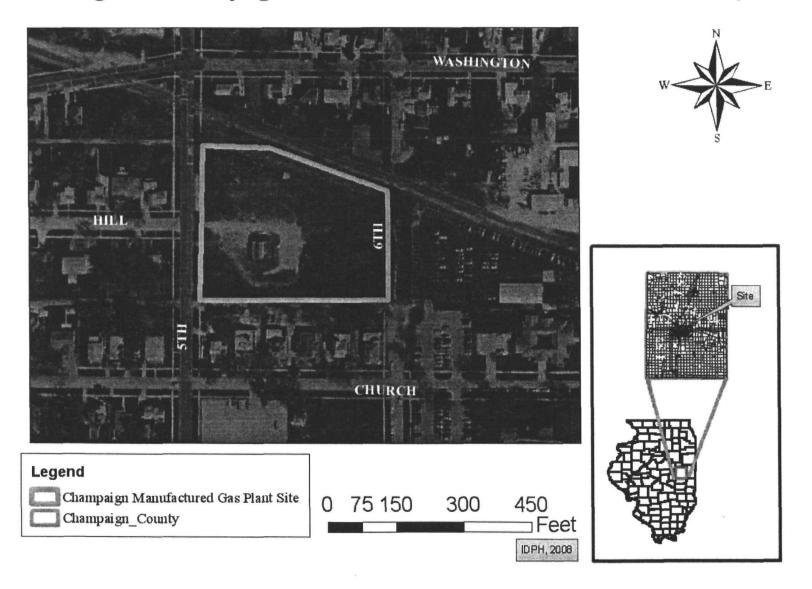
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ppm – parts per million

Figure 1. Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Area Site Location Map



WASHINGTON HILL CHURCH Legend 480 320 160 0 80 NORTH Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site □Feet DPH, 2008

Figure 2. Champaign Manufactured Gas Plant Site Map

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BTEX and PaHs - 3 to 10ft.

Soil		B-501-8	8-502 8-502-7	B-503 B-503-10	B-504 B-504-7	B-505 B-505-6	B-506-7	8-507 B-507-6	B-508-9	B-509 B-509-8
CONSTITUENT	DEPTH	7/13/2004	7/13/2904 6'-7'	7/13/2004 9'-10'	7/13/2094 6'-7'	7/14/2004 5'-6'	7/22/2004 6:-7	7/21/2004 T'-8"	7/19/2004 8'-9'	7/21/200
Benzene	(8g/kg)	183	10900	534	20800	14500	11200	3510	2080	4.8
Ethylbenzene	(ug/kg)	41	5000	523	145000	79800	48200	22200	33100	3.8
Towene	(ug/kg)	₹24 6	220	300	10900	3800	740	280	575	1.4
Xylene (total)	(ug/kg)	41	11000	837	140000	00000	33700	16600	24300	12
Acenaphthene	(ug/kg)	50	16000	1600	590000	540000	170000	53000	51000	9800
Acenaphthylene	(va/kg)	240	2700	320	71000	81000	12000	3600	5830	4700
Anthracene	(ug/kg)	180	12000	1400	300000	260000	71000	24000	22000	7200
Benzo(a)anthracene	(ug/kg)	180	8700	630	170000	140000	33000	9500	12000	9400
Benzo(a)pyrene	(ug/kg)	270	4100	520	130000	140000	35000	12000	10000	8700
Benzorb)fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	250	18000	630	110000	130000	29900	7900	7900	5800
Benzoighilperylene	(ug/kg)	63	4000	110	<50000	31000	7200	2400	4500	2800
Benzork (fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	97	5600	240	<43000	45000	7400	2300	3100	2500
Chrysene	(ug/kg)	170	19000	650	150000	140000	33000	3800	11000	9000
Dibenzo(a.h)anthrapene	(ug/kg)	<30	1900	45	*44000	10000	2300	720	<3000	<620
Fluoranthene	iug/kg)	340	17300	1800	320000	290000	78000	26000	23000	19000
Fluorene	(ug/kg)	330	20000	1200	410000	400000	90000	35000	30000	13000
indeno(1,2,3-cd pyrene	(ug/kg)	64	4700	130	<47000	35000	6000	2300	3500	2400
Naphthaiene	(ug/kg)	< 30	59000	16000	2000000	2300000	790000	170000	140000	<880
Phenanthrene	(ug/kg)	38	50000	3500	1100000	920000	250000	77000	54000	37000
Pyrene	(ug/kg)	500	25000	1500	440000	400000	110000	37000	33000	25000

(1) <12

Micrograms per kilogram:
Provisional remediation objective provided by IEPA.
No remediation objective has been established by the IEPA for this constituent for this exposure route.
Not detected at the level identified.
Analytical result exceeds one or imper Tier 1 RO.

BTEX and PaHs - 0 to 3 ft.

CONSTITUENT	UNITS	B-513 B-513-2 7/12/2004 1'-2'	B-514 B-514-3 7/22/2004 2-3	B-515 B-515-2 7/16/2004 1'-2'	B-516 B-516-3 7/22/2004 2'-3'	B-550 B-550-3 7/20/2004 2'-3'	B-551 B-551-3 7/15/2004 2'-3'	B-553 B-553-3 7/14/2994 2'-3'	B-554 B-554-3 7/15/2004 2'-3'
Benzene	(ug/kg)	7.6	32.6	4.3	5.1	5.8	972	195	180
Ethylbenzene	(ug/kg)	<1.1	17.4	21.3	5.4	13.6	282	200	256
Toluene	(ug/kg)	3.2	10.3	3	4.5	3.8	244	370	211
Xylene (total)	(ug/kg)	1.8	25.4	26.4	6.5	25.9	276	456	824
Acenaphthene	(ug/kg)	52	<1900	1100	<1800	<12000	3700	8500	<3000
Acenaphthylene	(ug/kg)	100	2600	1900	40000	< 13000	14000	26000	9200
Anthracene	(ug/kg)	220	2400	1000	9700	<11000	20000	8400	<2900
Benzo(a)anthracene	(ug/kg)	900	4600	2200	42000	<9400	52000	10000	<2400
Benzo(a)pyrene	(ug/kg)	820	5900	4000	120000	<8600	68000	55000	8500
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	1300	7600	4400	130000	<8800	83000	50000	8200
Benzo(ghi)pervlene	(ug/kg)	310	3800	1300	50000	<11000	28000	26000	8500
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	490	2700	1300	36000	<9300	25000	12000	<2400
Chrysene	(ug/kg)	930	4900	2800	62000	<8900	51000	19000	4300
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	(ug/kg)	120	<1500	350	14000	<9500	9000	5000	<2500
Fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	1700	6300	3300	27000	19000	93000	17000	4600
Fluorene	(ug/kg)	51	1900	720	4000	12000	7100	7800	<2900
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	(ug/kg)	400	3400	1200	47000	<10000	33000	21000	4400
Naphthaiene	(ug/kg)	52	<2200	1800	10000	<14000	8400	2200	<3500
Phenanthrene	(ug/kg)	840	6500	3300	8700	14000	47000	9400	3300
Pyrene	(ug/kg)	1300	8500	5700	67000	21000	76000	27000	8500

ug/kg Micrograms per kilogram

(1) Provisional remediation objective provided by IEPA

No remediation objective has been established by the IEPA for this constituent for this exposure route

10 Not detected at the level identified

Analytical result exceeds one or more Tier 1 RO.

				Ten Ye	al:	SOLIE	es	ting			
Monitoring	Committee							ition ug L			
Well For (Remortisi)	Date		Benzene 5	Ethylbenzene 700		Toluene 1,000	entra	Xylenes (Total) 10,000		Total BTEX	Nophthalene 140
UMW-114	02/03/97		1,430	1,330		47.3	J	622		3429	1,700
	05/08/97		1,410	1,170		27.4		586		3193	2,620
	08/05/97		1,220	1.240		33.0		573		3066	1.800
	11.04/97		1,400	1,310		52.6		627		3390	2.300
	02/03/98	-	1,220	1,100		117		646		3092	2.260
	02/03/98	0	1,200	1,060		118		618 759		2996	2.210
	08/06/98		1,170	1,280		ND:501		2 140		3316 4490	3,210/5,810
	1.1/1.1/198		908	1,290		NO(100)		289		2476	4,000
	03/25/99		911	888		116.0		675		2590	4, 190
	06/16/99		1,180	1,260	J	166.0		780	J	3386	2.180
	09/14/99		1,100	1.330	· J	201.0		834	4	3635	3.350
	12/08/99		1,140	1.280		242.0		862		3524	3,170
	03/02/00		930	811		186.0		572		2499	3.400
	96/15/00		1.080	ND(50)		ND (50)		ND(50)		1080	5.740
	09/26/05		986	1.080		169.0		669		2804	3.750
	12/27/06		856	983		171.0		728		27.40	2,800
	03/08/01		841	1.220		2120		766		3039	2.370
	06/25/01		974	1.180		119.0		666		2939	2.410
	09/06/01		764	818		98.0	J	526		2296	765
	12/06/01		910	1,190		196.0		738		3029	3,290
	03/06/02		910	1,160		197.0		849		3016	2.270
	06/04/02		804	1.250		215.0		844		3113	4,400
	09/04/02		557	843		110.0		522		2032	3.960
	12/05/02		832	1,220		190.0	J	526		2768	3.250
	03/12/03		703	1,160		150 0	J	727		27 40	2,660
	06/12/03		826	1160		173		772		2931	3540
	06/12:03	0	786	1080		160		729		2754	3.54
	03/02/04		754	1040		< 250		481		2275	4480
	05/25/04		780	1230		153		861		2851	3660

Monitoring Well Tier 1 Semedial	Date		Benzene 5	Ethylbenzene 700		Cond Toluene 1,000	entra	tion ug/L Xylenes (Total) 10,000		Total BTEX	Naphthale ne 140	-
UMW-107	02/04/97		2.820	79.5	J	ND(125)		114	J	3014	75.3	-
0.10.72	52/04/97	d	3.060	84.8	J	ND(125)		120	J	3265	82 1	
	05/07/97		2.050	67.3		142		114		2246	90.6	
	08/05/97		2.460	79.8		15.4		111	J	2666	92.0	
	11/04/97		3,430	131		22.7	3	193		3777	130	
	02/02/98		2,910	106		196		160		3196	75.5	
	05/04/98		2,130	72.8		ND(50)		164		2367	85	
	05/04/98	d	1,870	61.6		ND(50)		139		2071	78	
	08/06/98		2,260	60.7		ND(50)		120		2441	ND(5)	
	11/10/98		4,110	146		ND(50)		220		4476	239	
	03/25/99		2,320	66.2		ND(50)		134		2520	ND(250)	
	06/16/99		1,220	ND(100)		ND(100)		144		1364	30	
	09/14/99		1,480	47		ND(20)		77.2		1604	265	
	12/08/99		3,160	136		ND(50)		209		3505	164	
	03/02/00		1,810	80.8		ND(20)		87		1978	152	
	06/15/00		6.52	115		15 4		178		960	212	
	09/26/00		4,840	236		ND(125)		370		5446	702	
	12/27/00		2.040	89.5		11.5		166		2307	207	
	12/27/00	d	2,100	87 4		11.9		169		2368	198	
	03/08/01		329	ND: 125)		ND(125)		68		397	38 1	
	96/25/01		1,170	58.9		7.6		134		1371	70.4	
	09/06/01		3,440	127		ND(125)		173		3740	172	
baser	12/06/01		2,110	70	3	ND(125)		120	d	2300	167	
penstaltic	12:06:01	d	1,630	193		11.1		190		1934	154	
	03/06/02		800	52 9		5.4		119		977	35.2	

Arsenic (mg/kg) 9.28 58.5 8.31 15.4 4.5 14.7 Barium (mg/kg) 143 58.3 99.6 152 27.1 113 Cadimium (mg/kg) 0.28 0.5 0.3 168 0.59 9.14 Chromium (mg/kg) 1.96 8.81 18.1 13.6 12.6 15.7 COD (mg/kg)	Tier 1 Remediatio	UNITS/DEPTH	B-501 B-501-2 7/13/2004 1'-2'	B-502 B-502-3 7/13/2004 2'-3'	B-503 B-503-3 7/13/2004 2'-3'	B-504 B-504-3 7/13/2004 2'-3'	B-505 B-505-3 7/14/2004 2'-3'	B-506 B-506-3 7/22/2004 2'-3'
Barium (mg/kg) 143 58 3 99 6 152 27.1 113 Cadmium (mg/kg) 0.28 0.5 0.3 1.68 0.58 0.14 Chromium (mg/kg) 0.28 0.5 0.3 1.68 0.58 0.14 COD (mg/kg)	Arsenic							
Cadmium (mg/kg) 0.28 0.5 0.3 1.68 0.58 9.14 Chromium (mg/kg) 1.96 8.81 18.1 13.6 12.6 15.7 CODD (mg/kg)	Barium		143	58.3	99.6	152	27.1	113
COD (mg/kg)	Cadmium	(mg/kg)	0.28	0.5	0.3	1.68	0.58	0.14
Copper Cyanide (ron (mg/kg) 1.38 1.02 117 55.5 25.2 2.31 Iron (mg/kg) - <	Chromium	(mg/kg)	19 6	8.81	18.1	13.6	12.6	15 7
Cyanide (ron (mg/kg)) 1.38 1.02 117 55.5 25.2 2.31 Iron (mg/kg) </td <td>COD</td> <td>(mg/kg)</td> <td>***</td> <td>1000</td> <td></td> <td>***</td> <td>***</td> <td>-</td>	COD	(mg/kg)	***	1000		***	***	-
ron (mg/kg) -	Copper	(mg/kg)	***	***	Selection Co.	2000	***	***
Lead (mg/kg) 58 21.7 202 221 552 177 Manganese (mg/kg) <th< td=""><td>Cyanide</td><td>(mg/kg)</td><td>1.38</td><td>1.02</td><td>11.7</td><td>55.5</td><td>25.2</td><td>2.31</td></th<>	Cyanide	(mg/kg)	1.38	1.02	11.7	55.5	25.2	2.31
Manganese (mg/kg) <	ron	(mg/kg)	-	***		***	***	
Mercury (mg/kg) 0.215 0.037 0.167 0.338 0.061 0.695 Nickel (mg/kg)	Lead	(mg/kg)	58	21.7	202	221	552	177
Nickel (mg/kg)	Manganese	(mg/kg)		***	-		***	***
Selenium (mg/kg) <4.00 <3.85 <4.00 <3.92 <4.00 <3.85 Silver (mg/kg) <1.00 <0.96 <1.00 <0.98 <1.00 <0.98 Zinc (mg/kg)	Mercury	(mg/kg)	0.215	0.037	0.167	0.338	0.061	0.695
Silver (mg/kg) <1.00 <0.96 <1.00 <0.98 <1.00 <0.96 Zinc (mg/kg)	Nickel	(mg/kg)						
Zinc (mg/kg)	Selenium	(mg/kg)	<4.00	< 3 85	-4 00	<3.92	<4.00	< 3.85
	Silver	(mg/kg)	~1.00	<0.96	<1 00	<0.98	<1.00	< 0.96
	Zinc	(mg/kg)					***	
Notes: mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram	Notes:							

Section 4: Other Signs of Contamination/Causes for Concern

- A. City's neighborhood infrastructure
- B. Historical research
- C. Evidence of possible contamination outside of testing boundary

C. What did they find?

Now we know where the contamination is...

But what are they finding and how bad is it?

<u>Please Note</u>: Anything highlighted with color in the following slides exceeds safety guidelines, and is considered toxic.

		BTE	X and I	PaHs -	greate	er than	10ft.		
CONSTITUENT	UNITS/	B-501 B-501-15 7/13/2004 14:-15	8-501 5-501-24 7/13/2004 23'-24'	B-502 B-502-12 7/13/2804 11'-12'	8-502 B-502-24 7/21/2604 23'-24'	5-503 8-503-11 7/13/2084 10'-11'	B-503 B-503-19 7/13/2084 18'-13'	B-504 B-504-14 7/13/2004 13'-14'	8-504 8-504-21 7/14/2004 20'-21'
Benzene	(40/40)	16400	16	303000	423	223	3000	15100	33100
Etryibenzene	(Dag (SILI)	2420	+0.7	25300	<19.2	372	<106	28500	1100
Toluene	(UQ%Q)	6900	1.6	108000	«19 Z	120	835	5240	5760
Xylene (total)	(49/49)	16900	2	226000	<19.2	458	<106	24000	3460
Aceraphthere	(ura/ka)	39000	~13D	36000	411	*42	5400	49000	22000
Acenachthylene	(1/0/40)	58000	< 140	50000	w11	<42	47000	20000	150000
Anthragene	(ug/kg)	130000	< 120	64000	«11	-42	12000	34000	110000
Benzora lanthracene	(up/kg)	67000	<100	54000	< 11	<42	31000	17000	59000
Benzo a pyrene	(WO/NO)	58000	×96	48000	+11	-42	82000	16000	65000
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	72000	<99	56000	«11	442	58000	12000	50000
Benzoighliperviere	(ug/kg)	22000	*120	13000	<11	<42	23000	4900	15000
Benzo killuoranthene	(ug/kg)	21000	₹100	17000	<11	<42	25000	4000	15000
Chrysene	(ug/Ng)	64000	+110	56000	411	<42	34000	15000	62000
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	(UG/160)	7300	<110	5500	<11	<42	5800	1400	4600
Fluoranthene	(ug/kg)	5000Q	× 100	140000	et1	+42	3700D	36000	120000
Fluorene	(ug/kg)	120000	+120	120000	<11	-42	13000	48000	120000
indeno(1,2,3-od)pyrene	(Malea)	24000	×120	17000	<11	<42	21000	4700	15000
Naphthalene	(ug/kg)	920000	×150	580000	26	+42	7700	230000	330000
Phenanthrene	(ug/kg)	350000	*110	270000	<11	-42	18000	120000	320000
Fyrene	(ug/kg)	150000	-110	110000	<11	~42	60000	54000	190000
Notes.		ug/kg	Micrograms per k	degram					
		(1)		diation objective p					
		-			established by the	EPA			
		×12	Not detected at the						
			Analytical result e	exceeds one or m	ore Tier 1 RO				